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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/624,686	07/23/2003	Takashi Fujikado	116402	6681
25944 75	90 10/05/2005		EXAM	INER
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			BOCKELMAN, MARK	
P.O. BOX 1992	.8			
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3762	

DATE MAILED: 10/05/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		TWh				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Occurrence	10/624,686	FUJIKADO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Mark W. Bockelman	3762				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repl d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH ate, cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. By be timely filed S from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 September 2005.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) Th	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 9-11 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 9-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a lie	ents have been received. ents have been received in Application of the properties o	plication No eceived in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	4) 🔲 Interview Sur	mman/(PTO 413)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	Paper No(s)/	Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Info 6) Other:	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) -				

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after allowance or after an Office action under *Ex Parte Quayle*, 25 USPQ 74, 453 O.G. 213 (Comm'r Pat. 1935). Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, prosecution in this application has been reopened pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 9-16-2005 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 9 now recites a step of connecting a cable from a receiver to a converter. Applicant's specification describes a receiver (antenna 24), a converter 26, electrode array 21a, return electrode 23c. The only cable described in applicant's specification is cable 23, which has two wires one of which (23a) extends from the electrode array to the converter 26, and a second of which (23b)

extends from the converter 26 to the return electrode. The written description for the electrical connection between the receiver 24 and the converter 26 is absent from the disclosure. It is unclear as to whether it is formed on the housing or merely extends away from the housing. Nevertheless, there is no description of a cable being connected between the converter and the receiver. In addition, the cable is only shown to extend out of the sclera, and not between the sclera and the choroid as was claimed in the amendment of 6-16-2005 and deleted in the examiner's amendment of 7-8-2005.

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The examiner respectfully requests applicant to review their specification and particularly point out where they believe they have support for each claimed limitation when responding to the examiner's office action(s).

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 9 now recites that the electrode array is adapted to be connected to a converter, which is merely and intended use of the array and not a positive recitation of the converter. Later in the claim, applicant recites a cable extending between the converter and the receiver. It is unclear whether the converter is positively recited in the claim or not.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chow et al USPN 6,427,087 in view of Ok et al. USPAP 2002/0095193 and Tassicker USPN 2,760,483.

Chow et al show an implantable electrode array implanted under the retina so as to stimulate neurons responsible for sight. Column 4, first paragraph of Chow et al. teaches that the originating signals for retinal stimulation may originate outside the eye be and transmitted to a coil inside the eye. Applicant differs in reciting a converter, and a cable extending from the converter to a receiver, as well as the positioning of of the electrode array between the choroid and the sclera. Ok et al. teaches a device for performing the tasks suggest by Chow, namely an implanted coil receiver 18, a converter (60, 28) and a cable connecting the two for receiving signals from and external camera and converting the transmitted signal to an electrode signal for stimulating the electrode array. To have used the Ok et al. device for implementing the Chow et al method would have been obvious to those considering the collective teachings of the two patents. In addition, Tassicker further teaches that a stimulating electrode array for simulating sight can be positioned between the choroid and the retina, or alternatively the choroid and the sclera if the risk of damaging the retina during

separation is too great. Because, the light has to pass through another layer of tissue, it does not work as well, however, it still serves to stimulate the retina. To have positioned the electrode array of Chow between the choroid and the sclera for it surgical benefits as taught by Tassicker would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art since neurons responsible for sight may still be stimulated without risking damage to the retina during separation.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6-19-2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's argument that Tassicker teaches away from implanting the electrode array between the choroid and the sclera is not deemed persuaive since Tassicker does not teach away from such an invention but states that the alternative positioning, for his stimulator, may not be as effective. Teaching one method as a preference between alternatives is not considered a teaching away from the alternative, especially as in this case, when the reference is considered as a whole.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark W. Bockelman whose telephone number is (571) 272-4941. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 10:00 to 6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Pezzuto can be reached on (571) 272 -6996. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MWB

October 1, 2005

Malbreal
MARK BOCKELMAN
MARY EXAMINER